

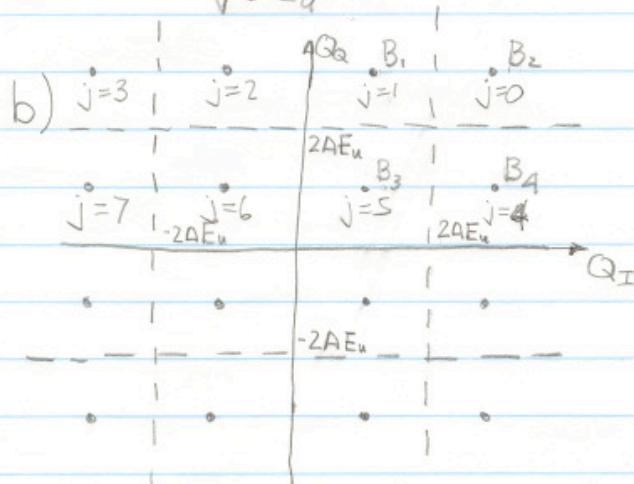
Problem MC.1

$$a) D_i = D_{Ii} + j D_{Qi}$$

$$\frac{E_b}{4} = \frac{\sum_{i=0}^{15} |D_i|^2 E_u}{16} = E_u \cdot \frac{(2+10+10+18) A^2}{16}$$

$$= E_u \cdot \frac{5}{2} A^2$$

$$A = \sqrt{\frac{2E_b}{5E_u}}$$



The decision regions for 16QAM is show in the figure.

$$P_w(E) = \frac{1}{16} \sum_{i=0}^{15} P_w(E|D_i)$$

c) $P_w(E|D_i)$ has 4 four forms

$$D_i = B_i$$

$$\frac{P_w(E|B_i)}{P_w(E|B_i)} = P(\{Q_I \leq Q\} \cup \{2AE_u \leq Q_I\} \cup \{Q_Q \leq 2AE_u\} | B_i)$$

note: $Q = (A + j3A)E_u + N_Z$ for B_i
 $\text{var}[N_Z] = E_u N_D$

$$P_w(E|B_i) = 1 - P(\{0 \leq Q_I \leq 2AE_u\} \cap \{2AE_u \leq Q_Q\} | B_i)$$

Problem mc.1 (cont.)

N_T is independent of N_Q so

$$\begin{aligned} P_w(E|B_1) &= 1 - P(\{0 \leq Q_{\pm} \leq 2AE_u\}) P(\{2AE_u \leq Q_Q\}) \\ &= 1 - \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{AE_u}{\sqrt{E_u N_0}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\frac{AE_u}{\sqrt{E_u N_0}}\right)\right) \\ &= 1 - \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2E_u}{5N_0}}\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2E_u}{5N_0}}\right)\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{D_i = B_2} \quad P_w(E|B_2) = 1 - \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2E_u}{5N_0}}\right)\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2E_u}{5N_0}}\right)\right)$$

$$\underline{D_i = B_3} \quad P_w(E|B_3) = 1 - \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2E_u}{5N_0}}\right) \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2E_u}{5N_0}}\right)$$

$$\underline{D_i = B_4} \quad P_w(E|B_4) = 1 - \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2E_u}{5N_0}}\right)\right) \operatorname{erf}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2E_u}{5N_0}}\right)$$

Since the condition error rate is different for at least some of the constellation points

d) $P_w(E)$ then the signal set is not geometrically uniform

$$d) P_w(E) = \frac{1}{4} P_w(E|B_1) + \frac{1}{4} P_w(E|B_2) + \frac{1}{4} P_w(E|B_3) + \frac{1}{4} P_w(E|B_4)$$

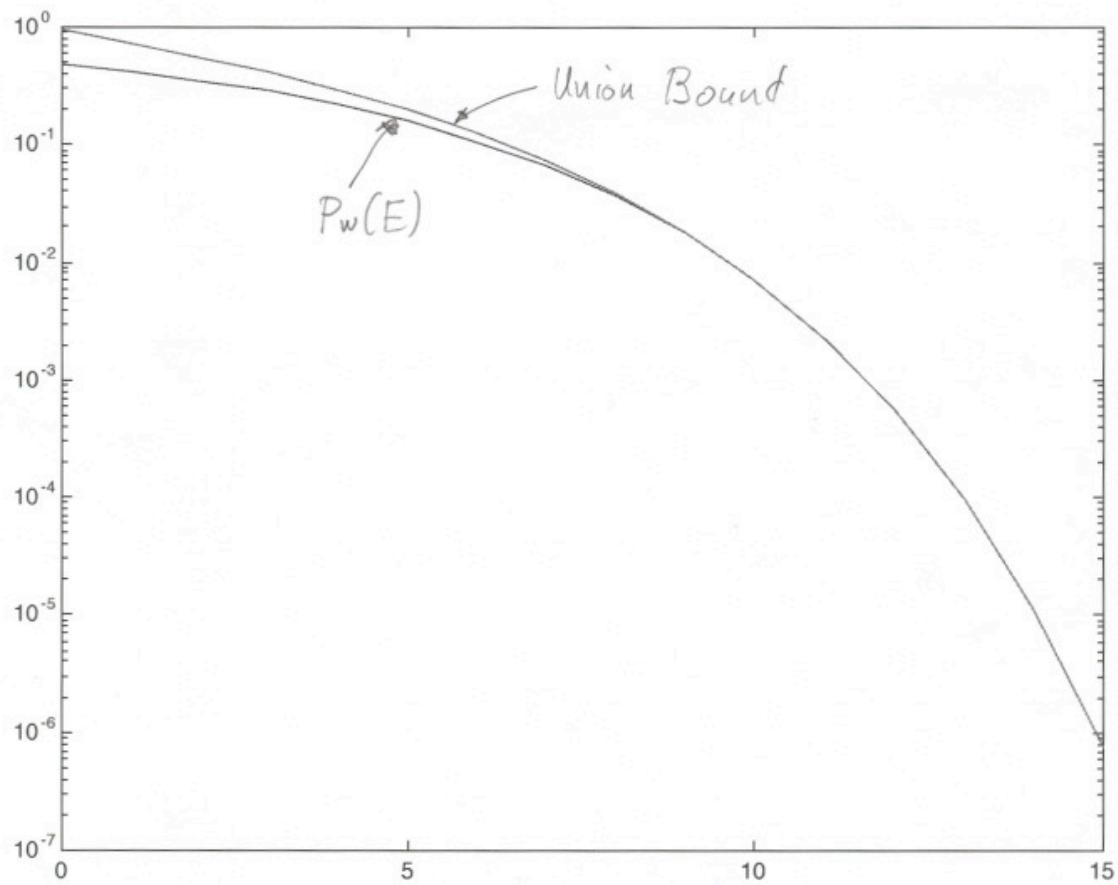
see m-file and plot

$$e) P_w(E) \leq \sum_{j=1}^{16} \sum_{\substack{i=1 \\ i \neq j}}^1 \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left[\sqrt{\frac{|D_i - D_j|^2 E_u}{N_0}}\right]$$

This is best automated as their are
 16×15 terms (see m-file)

```
% EE894 Digital Communication Theory
% Chapter 7 Problem 1
%
% Author: M. Fitz
% Last Revision: 6/5/00
%
% Part b)
% Assume N_0=1
%
ebdb=(0:15)';
eb=10.^ebdb/10;
p_wb1=1-erf(sqrt(2*eb/5)).*(0.5+0.5*erf(sqrt(2*eb/5)));
p_wb2=1-(0.5+0.5*erf(sqrt(2*eb/5))).*(0.5+0.5*erf(sqrt(2*eb/5)));
p_wb3=1-erf(sqrt(2*eb/5)).*erf(sqrt(2*eb/5));
p_wb4=1-erf(sqrt(2*eb/5)).*(0.5+0.5*erf(sqrt(2*eb/5)));
pwe=(p_wb1+p_wb2+p_wb3+p_wb4)/4;
semilogy(ebdb,pwe)
%
% Part c)
% Assume N_0=1
d_i=[-3+j*3 -1+j*3 1+j*3 3+j*3 -3+j*1 -1+j*1 1+j*1 3+j*1 -3+j*-1 -1+j*-1 1+j*-1 3+j*-1 -3+j*-3
-1+j*-3 1+j*-3 3+j*-3];
pub=0;
for jj=1:16
    for kk=1:16
        if(jj~=kk)
            delta_E=(d_i(jj)-d_i(kk))*conj(d_i(jj)-d_i(kk))*2/5*eb;
            pub=pub+0.5*erfc(sqrt(delta_E/4));
        end
    end
    %[jj pub]
end
% (pub/16)
semilogy(ebdb,pwe,ebdb,pub)
```

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Problem mc.1 (cont.)

f) Again for reducing down the union bound there are 4 unique constellation element types to be considered.

$$B = \{B_1, B_2, B_3, B_4\}$$

The solution will consider B_1 in detail as the results for the other three points are similar.

For $B_1 \Leftrightarrow j = j_1$

$$\begin{aligned} P_w(E|B_1) &= P\left(\bigcup_{\substack{i=0 \\ i \neq 1}}^{15} \left\{ |Q - D_i A E_u|^2 < |Q - D_{j_1} A E_u|^2 \right\}\right) \\ &= P\left(\bigcup_{\substack{i=0 \\ i \neq 1}}^{15} \{T_i > T_1\}\right) \end{aligned}$$

Note

$$\bigcup_{\substack{i=0 \\ i \neq 1}}^{15} \{T_i > T_1\} = \{T_2 > T_1\} \cup \{T_5 > T_1\} \cup \{T_6 > T_1\}$$

$$P\{T_2 > T_1\} = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2E_b}{5N_0}}\right] = P\{T_5 > T_1\} = P\{T_6 > T_1\}$$

The union bound for B_1 becomes

$$P_w(E|B_1) = \frac{3}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left[\sqrt{\frac{2E_b}{5N_0}}\right]$$

Problem mc. 1 (cont.)

It is interesting to compare this union bound with the exact $P_w(E|B_i)$, i.e.,

$$\begin{aligned} P_w(E|B_1) &= 1 - \left(1 - \operatorname{erfc}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2E_b}{5N_0}}\right)\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2E_b}{5N_0}}\right)\right) \\ &= \frac{3}{2} \operatorname{erfc}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2E_b}{5N_0}}\right) - \frac{1}{2} \left(\operatorname{erfc}\left(\sqrt{\frac{2E_b}{5N_0}}\right)\right)^2 \end{aligned}$$

The dominating term is the same but the overlapped region get subtracted out in the true $P_w(E)$.